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Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation SDC

How can the SDC best work with large corporations to reach its impact goals?

November 2020





Context and objectives

CONTEXT

The SDC has developed multiple PSE* programs in the last decade, including working with CSR departments of large corporations.

In doing so, like many other donors, the SDC has faced multiple challenges preventing them from effectively engaging with MNCs**.

Hystra has gained significant experience on these topics over the past decade, having worked with over 25 large corporations in launching their inclusive businesses and half a dozen donors in designing and deploying their PSE programs. We have seen and learnt "the hard way" the best practices (and common mistakes) made by donors and corporates alike, and trust that we can draw key insights from these experiences to give the SDC a second opinion on how best to tackle these challenges.

OBJECTIVES AND DELIVERABLES

The objective of this project is to provide the SDC's strategic and operational teams with insights, illustrated by concrete examples, on how to better collaborate with large corporations especially with their core business, as part of the SDC's PSE strategy.

We have worked closely with Alexander Keberle and Peter Beez on the 5 key questions outlined below:

- 1. Why and how to go beyond CSR when engaging large corporations?
- 2. How to manage confidentiality concerns?
- 3. How to ensure accountability throughout a PSE* project life cycle?
- 4. How to leverage networks and consortia to facilitate PSE*?
- 5. What should be the roles and responsibilities of the SDC HQ and operational units when collaborating with global corporations?



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2. How to manage confidentiality concerns?

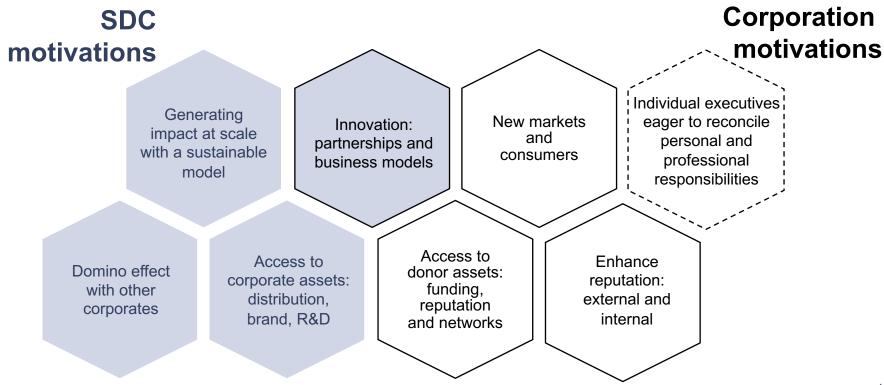
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Both corporates' core business and SDC have motivations to jointly launch PSE programs





SDC could help corporates overcome critical obstacles preventing them from identifying impactful business opportunities

Corporation obstacles

Unaware of the existence of innovative business models that can deliver on financial and impact goals

Unable to adopt a frugal innovation mindset, learn from social entrepreneurs and get out of their comfort zone

Unwilling to take the risk to jeopardize conventional KPIS (e.g. margin dilution) and to put one's career at stake SDC value proposition

Make corporations aware of the opportunity to build inclusive businesses

- Leveraging your deep thematic insights to help them identify high-potential impact opportunities
- Building a library of successful profitable business models to be used as provocations
- · Celebrating and disseminating learnings from successful pilots

Support corporations in crafting their inclusive business strategy and in designing the appropriate KPIs, governance and financing set-up

De-risk and support pilot projects and intrapreneurs



Deep-dive: Make corporations aware of the opportunity to build inclusive businesses

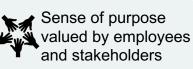


New growth platforms

Entering new markets: Launching new products or services independent of existing ones, in existing countries of operations e.g. solar lights in Total Access to Energy Solutions program

Lowering costs: Sourcing directly from smallholder farmers e.g. the Margarita project of the Danone Ecosystem fund

Improving margins: Offering new paying services on top of products, e.g. Patrimonio Hoy, a Cemex program selling a complete housing solution including architect advice, delivery on demand and payment plan instead of just selling cement



Talent recruitment and retention by answering people's aspirations to do more than just a traditional job.



As Emmanuel Faber explains: "When Danoners realize what is at stake in the solutions they propose and when we let them align themselves to what emerges from their personal conscience, we obtain levels of energy and commitment that cannot be compared to what you get from obtaining 0.1 point of trade margin from Carrefour!"

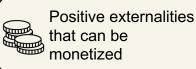


Reverse innovation benefitting core business

Innovating under constraints for lower-income clients can help find new ways of doing business.



When Danone joined forces with Grameen Bank to produce and sell fortified yoghurts in Bangladesh, they had to ask a retired engineer to come back to design amore basic small scale plant and acquire second-hand equipment.



Impactful businesses produce positive social, health, livelihoods, or environmental outcomes that can be be compensated in the long run (e.g. via tax exemptions)



The Livelihoods Funds are supported by private companies willing to offset their unavoidable carbon emissions and transform their supply chains through sustainable and transparent agricultural models. Livelihoods investors work together to share business knowledge, investment risks for project implementation and maintenance during the whole duration of our projects.



Engage with corporates' core business adopting a problem-centric approach

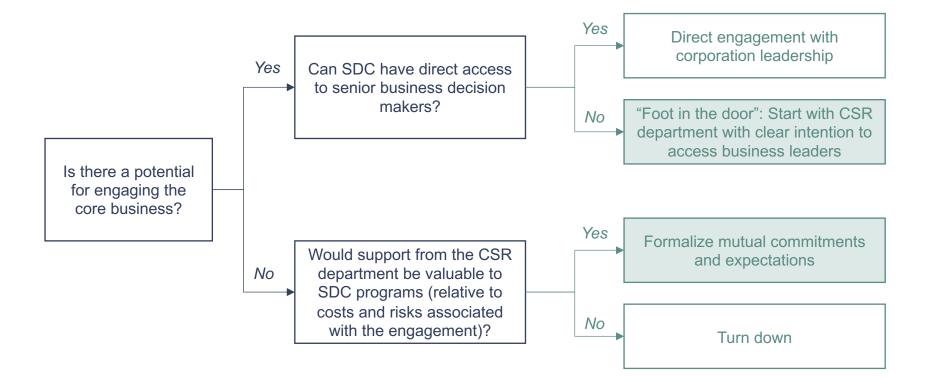


Advantages

- ✓ By design, this approach guarantees alignment with IC 21-24 priorities and recognized additionality of private sector contribution
- ✓ SDC approaches business decision makers with a robust understanding of the problem, and two key assets to offer: a draft yet attractive business case and SDC's local networks (leading to a faster and easier planning and implementation)
- ✓ SDC can select from the get-go projects based on their potential for global replication in the industry



Engaging with CSR departments can also enable to engage business leaders or to support SDC programs





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Effective collaboration between SDC and MNCs appears to be impossible due to their fundamentally opposed views on confidentiality

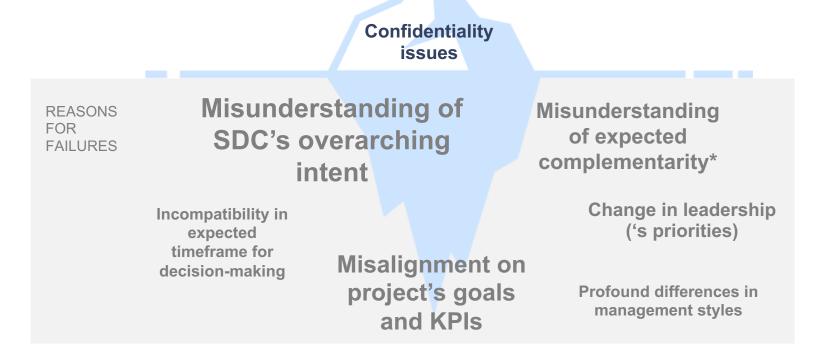


obliged to release all information gathered throughout projects Law of transparency

Non disclosure agreement **Corporates** asking for a NDA

before even starting the collaboration

Yet, experience shows that inability to address confidentiality word strategies consults is due to profound misalignments or misunderstandings





Therefore, follow six guidelines to progressively resolve confidentiality issues while ensuring intent alignment

- 1. Ground all confidentiality discussions on a shared intent with decision-makers (formalized in a non-binding yet signed document)
- 2. Be upfront and transparent on SDC policies and duties but reassure the company that you understand and respect their own constraints and concerns, committing to co-create a pragmatic win-win arrangement
- **3. Differ resolution of critical points of disagreement** until we have a clear understanding of the concrete issues (most likely when designing business model and business case) and before significant financial commitments are made
- **4. Co-design pragmatic solutions** for contentious topics e.g. ask for targeted information instead the full financials, ask for ranges instead of exact information
- 5. Secure alignment on principles at a sufficiently high level in both organisations
- 6. Engage legal teams when principles are set and pragmatic solutions have been drafted



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Ensure the corporation 'skin in the game' grows progressively throughout the gated engagement process

PSE program lifecycle	1 Intent alignment	Business case and pilot design	3 Pilot implementation ▲	4 Scale-up
Timeframe	3 months	6 months	8-14 months	NA
SDC role	Leadership	Co-leadership	Co-leadership	Supporter
 Phase budget Total budget SDC funding Corporate funding Go / No go decision 	€ 50k-150k 100%	€ 150 – 350k	€ 800k - 1,2 million 40% % declining over time	
Funding	Fund this phase until formalisation of the intent alignment and guiding principles	De-risk the initiative to take on innovations or try out new business models that are not proven to generate a sustainable return on investment	Ensure the corporation is 100% accountable by the end of the market test	



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Start by recognizing that capturing the significant benefits of working in consortia is not an easy task

Expected benefits

- Coordination of activities
- Better channeling of funding/ resources
- Economies of scale in delivery
- Intelligence in multi-disciplinary / networking approach

Partnerships that underwent independent evaluations

- Consultative Group for International Agricultural Research (1971)
- UN Program on AIDS (1995)
- Consultative Group to Assist the Poor (1995)
- Global Water Partnership (1996)
- Roll Back Malaria Partnership (1998)

Actual short-comings

- ✗ 7/11 lacked clear strategy
- ✗ 6/11 lacked accountability and transparency
- ✗ 5/11 had poor governance and ineffective partners' management
- ★ 5/11 had under-resourced secretariats
- ✗ 4/11 could not ensure long-term financial sustainability of programs
- Cities Alliance (1999)
- Global Alliance for Vaccines and Immunization (2000)
- Global Fund to fight AIDS, TB and Malaria (2002)
- Global Alliance for Improved Nutrition (2002)
- Global Partnership for Education (2002)
- International Health Partnership (2007)

Source: Keith Bezanson, Hystra analysis



Understand the different kinds of networks and consortia the SDC can work with

Who are they?	Reason for being	Examples	
		General: WBCSD, B4IG	
Corporations-driven	Pre-competitive alliances leveraging common resources, sharing best practices, and facilitating collaborative projects	 Thematic: OP2B, Alliance to End Plastic Waste Sectorial: Consumer Goods Forum, Nexus Ecosystem 	
	Achieve critical mass in resources,	General: IBAN	
Donors-funded	maximise clout, facilitate coordination	• Thematic: RIICE • Sectorial: GAIN, GAVI, GOGLA	
Institutional	Represent the interests of members, facilitate dialogue	General: Chamber of Commerce, Industry federations	



Identify most relevant kinds of networks and consortia for the SDC to meet its objectives

Should SDC engage?

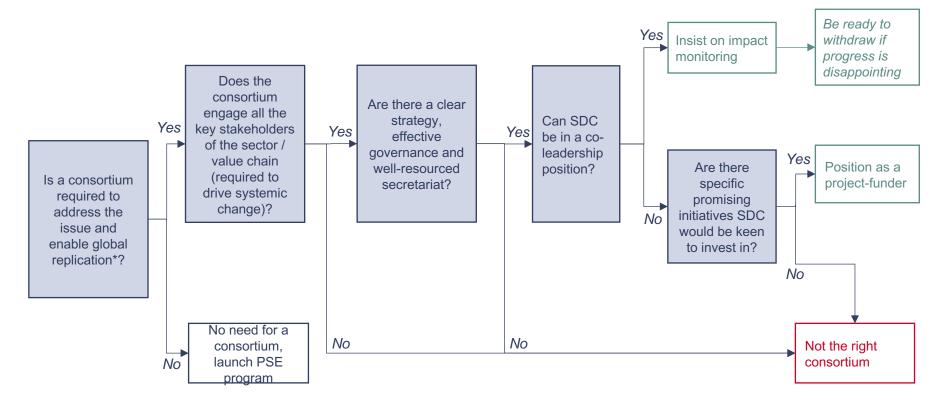
If the consortium is... Problem Maybe Yes centric If SDC missing Engage best-suited If conditions are met, (specific) clout, corporations to jointly see next page capabilities or budget solve a specific problem Corporate No centric Support corporations in Unless SDC wants to invest in a broad effort to their transformation to encourage corporates transformation or wants to achieve positive impact cast its net wide at scale

Donors-funded

Corporates-driven



Understand when to work in a problem-centric corporates-driven consortia



* hence justifies the significant coordination cost and loss of speed Source: Hystra

HYSTRA hybrid strategies consulting

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SDC HQ and operational unit roles and responsibilities depend on project origin and focus (1/2)

MNC CSR	Bottom-up CSR MNC local CSR department has its own budget as they are best- placed to decide on the local activities that will help maintain its license to operate e.g. mitigating negative impact of operations on local communities	Top-down MNC CSR department wants to collaborate with SDC on a multi- country program e.g. global education campaign to meet the corporations institutional commitments
MNC Core business	Bottom-up core business SDC operational unit and MNC country unit have jointly identified an opportunity to develop an inclusive business e.g. building capabilities of small holder farmers in corporations' value chain	NA

SDC Operational unit

SDC HQ



SDC HQ and operational unit roles and responsibilities depend on project origin and focus (2/2)

	Bottom-up core business	Bottom-up CSR	Top-down
SDC HQ	 Facilitate sharing of experience across operational units e.g. repertoire of projects If project is aligned with IC priorities, provide technical assistance and potentially financial support to country unit (if required) Ensure regular dialogue with relevant HQ departments of corporations with frequent local engagement 	 Ensure regular dialogue with global CSR departments of corporations with frequent local engagement Facilitate sharing of experience across operational units <i>e.g. repertoire of</i> <i>projects</i> 	 Assess whether this collaboration meets SDC IC 21-24 priorities and the reputational risk is acceptable Consult operational units to confirm their interest in participating Appoint a key account manager to maximise the impact of the program and coordinate implementation
SDC op. unit	 Inform SDC HQ early on to learn from (1) relevant best-practice interventions and (2) prior experience with this corporation Identify critical corporation HQ decision-markers and seek support from SDC HQ to facilitate access 	 Understand the operational problem and co-design an intervention provided it is aligned with its own IC 21-24 priorities Inform SDC HQ early on to learn from (1) relevant best-practice interventions and (2) prior experience with this corporation 	 Contribute to the design of the program Keep key account manager informed of country program implementation progress and difficulties